## T-1 3/4 (5mm) SOLID STATE LAMP

Part Number: WP7113SYCK/J3

Super Bright Yellow

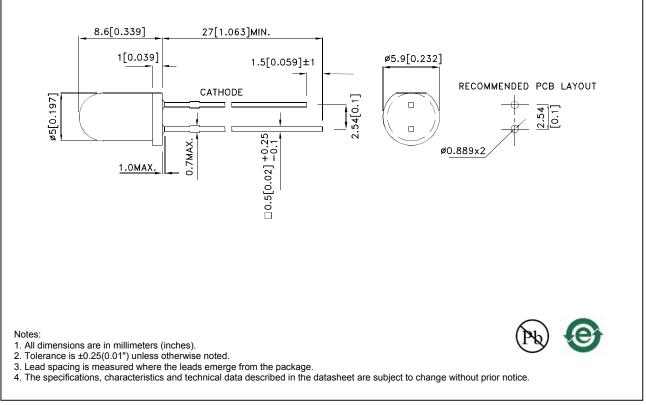
#### Features

- Low power consumption.
- Popular T-1 3/4 diameter package.
- General purpose leads.
- Reliable and rugged.
- Long life solid state reliability.
- Available on tape and reel.
- RoHS compliant.

#### Description

The Super Bright Yellow device is based on light emitting diode chip made from AlGaInP.

### **Package Dimensions**



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### Selection Guide

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	lv (mcd) [2] @ 20mA		Viewing Angle [1]
				Тур.	201/2
WP7113SYCK/J3	Super Bright Yellow (AlGaInP)	Water Clear	4000	6000	20°

Notes:

θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.

3. Luminous intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

#### Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
λpeak	Peak Wavelength	Super Bright Yellow	590		nm	I⊧=20mA
λD [1]	Dominant Wavelength	Super Bright Yellow	590		nm	I⊧=20mA
Δλ1/2	Spectral Line Half-width	Super Bright Yellow	20		nm	I⊧=20mA
С	Capacitance	Super Bright Yellow	45		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
Vf [2]	Forward Voltage	Super Bright Yellow	2	2.5	V	I⊧=20mA
lr	Reverse Current	Super Bright Yellow		10	uA	VR = 5V

Notes: 1. Wavelength: +/-1nm. 2. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V. 3. Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

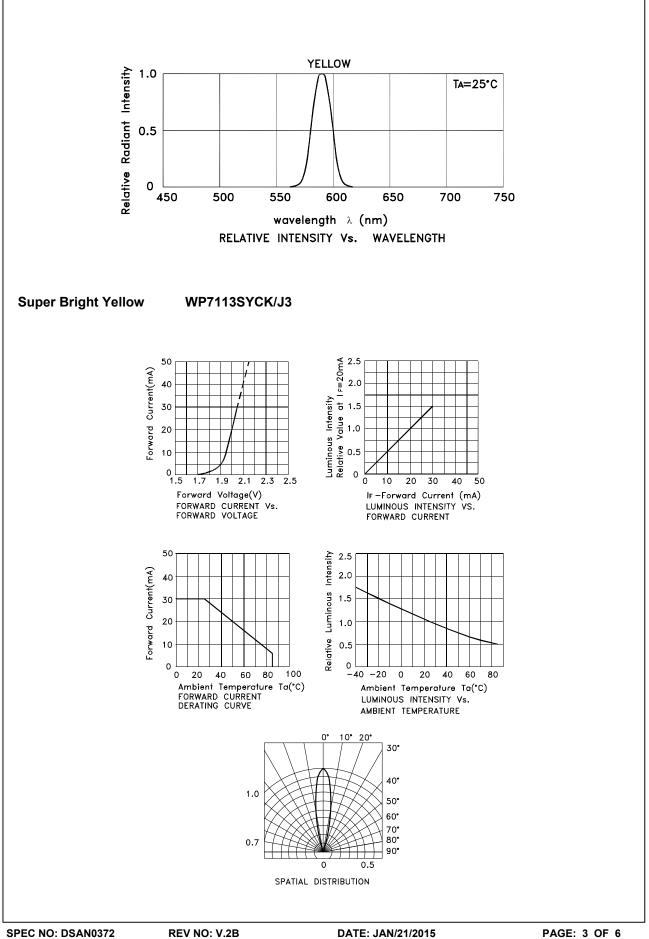
4. Excess driving current and/or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

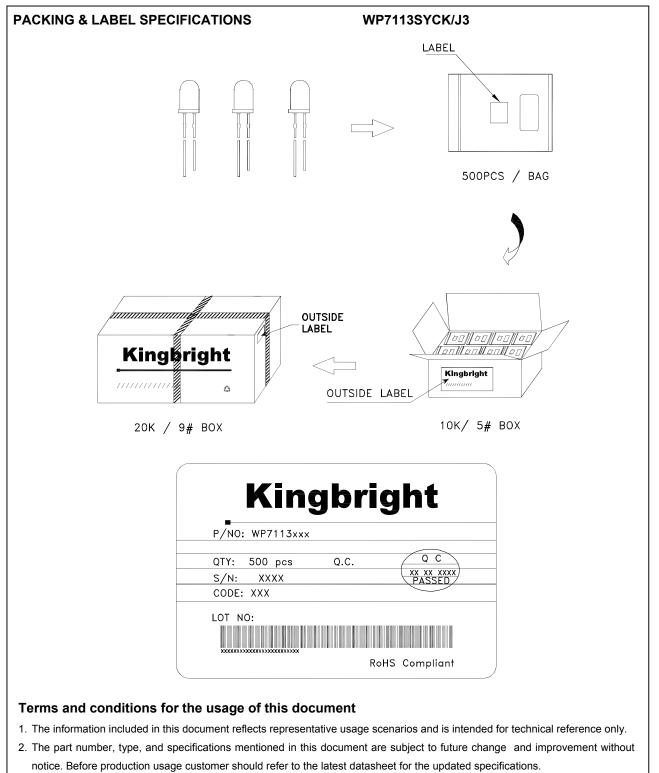
### Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Super Bright Yellow	Units	
Power dissipation	75	mW	
DC Forward Current	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current [1]	140	mA	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating/Storage Temperature	-40°C To +85°C		
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds		
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds		

Notes:

1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
2. 2mm below package base.
3. 5mm below package base.



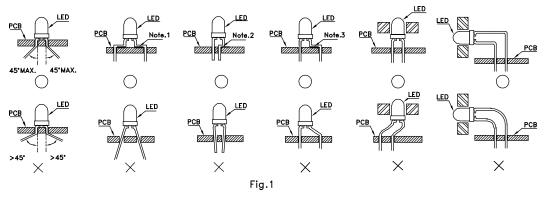


- 3. When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.
- 4. The information in this document applies to typical usage in consumer electronics applications. If customer's application has special reliability requirements or have life-threatening liabilities, such as automotive or medical usage, please consult with Kingbright representative for further assistance.
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DATE: JAN/21/2015 DRAWN: P.Cheng

### PRECAUTIONS

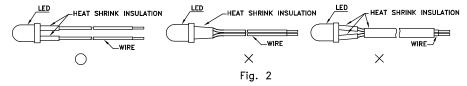
- 1. Storage conditions:
  - a.Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.
  - b.LEDs should be stored with temperature  $\leq 30^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity < 60%.
  - c.Product in the original sealed package is recommended to be assembled within 72 hours of opening. Product in opened package for more than a week should be baked for 30 (+10/-0) hours at 85 ~ 100°C.
- 2. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. (Fig. 1)



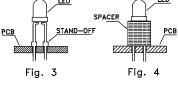
"  $\bigcirc$  " Correct mounting method "imes" Incorrect mounting method

Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

3. When soldering wires to the LED, each wire joint should be separately insulated with heat-shrink tube to prevent short-circuit contact. Do not bundle both wires in one heat shrink tube to avoid pinching the LED leads. Pinching stress on the LED leads may damage the internal structures and cause failure. (Fig. 2)



4. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.



- 5. Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)
- 6. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)

